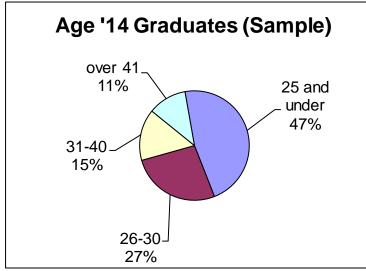
2014 UMBC Social Work Graduates Student Evaluation Report

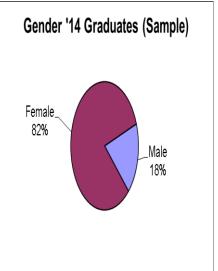
Instrument

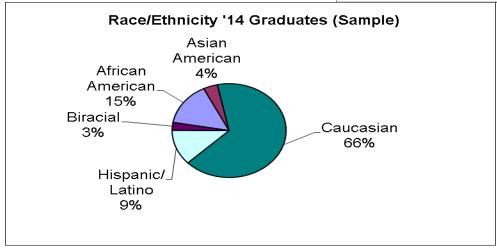
The evaluations contained 88 questions with 5-point Likert scale responses, with higher scores indicating the program exceeded their expectations of preparation, capturing a variety of aspects of the Social Work program and the field experience. There were 50 questions about the Social Work program, 8 questions regarding the agency where students participated in field placement, 12 questions about their field instructor, 11 questions about the assignments given in field placement, and 7 questions about their liaison. The evaluation also included 7 open-ended questions with space provided for student feedback; these questions are not included in this summary. Quantitative responses were entered in an SPSS database. The areas of concern were compiled by collecting the items that indicated a more negative spread with at least 20% of responses falling at 3 and below, while the areas of success were items with a more positive spread with at least 90% of responses falling at 4 and above.

Demographics

There were a total of 89 returned evaluations. The following charts represent the distribution of demographics among those students who responded:







Analysis

Program Evaluation

Analysis of the responses to the evaluation yielded some areas of consideration. According to students who responded to questions about skills for generalist practice with different client populations, respondents felt that:

Item	% Not at All – Generally Met (1-3)	Generally Met/Exceeded – Exceeded (4 & 5)
EP 2.1.5 #19 Advocated for human rights and social	27.6	72.4
and economic justice		
EP 2.1.5 #20 Engaged in practices that advanced social	27.3	72.7
and economic justice		
EP 2.1.6 #22 Critically evaluated and used research	30.7	69.3
knowledge to guide practice		
EP 2.1.6 #23 Used research evidence to inform	32.6	67.4
practice		
EP 2.1.8 #27 Understood the impact that social policies	20.2	79.8
have on clients, social workers, and the delivery of		
social work services		
EP 2.1.8 #28 Collaborated with colleagues and clients	43.8	56.2
for effective policy action		
EP 2.1.8 #29 Analyzed, formulated, and advocated for	40.4	59.6
policies that advance social well-being		
EP 2.1.8 #30 Advocated for programs, services, and	39.3	60.7
policies that promote economic and social justice and		
enhance the well-being of clients and others in need of		
assistance		
EP 2.1.9 #31 Used information technology to enhance	36.8	63.2
effectiveness as a social work professional		
EP 2.1.9 #32 Provided leadership in promoting	39.1	60.9
sustainable changes in the service delivery and		
improved the quality of social services		
EP 2.1.9 #33 Continuously discovered, appraised and	47.1	52.9
attended to changing locales, populations, scientific		
and technological developments, and emerging societal		
trends to provide relevant services		
EP 2.1.10 (a) #35 Appropriately used the knowledge	34.5	65.5
and skills of generalist social work practice with		
families		
EP 2.1.10 (a) #36 Appropriately used the knowledge	20.7	79.3
and skills of generalist social work practice with		
groups		
EP 2.1.10 (a) #37 Appropriately used the knowledge	48.3	51.7
and skills of generalist social work practice with		
organizations		

Item	% Not at All – Generally Met (1-3)	Generally Met/Exceeded – Exceeded (4 & 5)
EP 2.1.10 (a) #38 Appropriately used the knowledge and skills of generalist social work practice with	44.8	55.2
communities		
EP 2.1.10 (b) #41 Collected, organized, and interpreted	20.2	79.8
client data		
EP 2.1.10 (c) #45 Initiated actions to achieve	28.1	71.9
organizational goals		
EP 2.1.10 (c) #46 Implemented prevention	33.7	66.3
interventions that enhance client capabilities		
EP 2.1.10 (c) #48 Negotiated, mediated, and advocated	20.5	79.5
for clients		
EP 2.1.10 (c) #49 Facilitated transitions and endings	34.1	65.9
EP 2.1.10 (d) #50 Critically analyzed, monitored, and evaluated interventions	33.0	67.0

Most of the students felt very positively about their ability to demonstrate self-awareness and professional use of self (95.5%) (EP2.1.1 #2). Many students (92%) felt that they could practice within the ethics of the social work profession (EP2.1.2 #6). Likewise, students responded that they recognized the extent to which a culture's structure and values may oppress, marginalize, alienate, or create or enhance privilege and power (90.9%) (EP2.1.4 #14). Students also agreed that they were very well prepared to recognize and communicate an understanding of the importance of difference in shaping life experiences (92.0%) (EP2.1.4 #16). Students (95.5%) felt confident that they could critique and apply knowledge to understand the person in the environment (EP 2.1.6 #26) and appropriately use the knowledge and skills of generalist social work practice with individuals (EP 2.1.10 (a) #34). Most students who responded (93.3%) agreed that they were prepared to use empathy and other interpersonal skills (EP 2.1.10 (a) #39). Many students felt that they were prepared to use a strengths-based perspective to guide assessment and intervention efforts with client systems (93.3%) (EP 2.1.10 (b) #42).

Agency Evaluation

The evaluation of field placements showed that 75% of students agreed that they received an adequate orientation to their specific assignments (FIELD3), while 25% were either neutral or disagreed. Also, 77% agreed that they received an adequate explanation of his/her role as a student in training; however, 23% were neutral or disagreed (FIELD4).

Many students (96.6%) reported that they felt physically safe while providing services for their agency (FIELD7) and 91% of students agreed that they felt emotionally safe while providing services for their agency (FIELD8).

Field Instructor Evaluation

Of the 12 field instructor evaluation questions, four items were flagged as areas of concern: 24% of students disagreed that their field instructor was helpful in facilitating their work with non-social

work staff, and 76% agreed that they were helpful (INSTR4); 23% of students disagreed that their field instructor conveyed expectations clearly, while 77% agreed (INSTR8); 29.5% of students were either neutral or disagreed with the statement, "I had a regular weekly tutorial conference with my field instructor" (INSTR9); 69% agreed, and 31% of students disagreed with the statement, "My field instructor required me to complete process recordings or tape recordings of interviews on a regular basis throughout the semester(s)" (INSTR12).

An area of success was 91% of students agreed that their field instructors encouraged their initiative and creativity (INSTR6).

<u>Assignments</u>

Some students responded that their assignments in the following areas were in the high range of extent of experience: groups (63%) (ASSIGN3A), families (33%) (ASSIGN3B), individual clients (90%) (ASSIGN3C), intake/assessment (56%) (ASSIGN3D), referrals to community resources (64%) (ASSIGN3E), community involvements/contacts (52%) (ASSIGN3F), opportunities to engage in research (43%) (ASSIGN3G) and opportunities to link clients to other community resources/services (65%) (ASSIGN3H). The following percentages of students felt that their extent of experience in these areas of assignment was in the medium to low range: groups (37%) (ASSIGN3A), families (67%) (ASSIGN3B), individual clients (10%) (ASSIGN3C), intake/assessment (44%) (ASSIGN3D), referrals to community resources (36%) (ASSIGN3E), community involvements/contacts (48%) (ASSIGN3F), opportunities to engage in research (57%) (ASSIGN3G) and opportunities to link clients to other community resources/services (35%) (ASSIGN3H). Also, 82% of students agreed that their interventions influenced their clients' lives, while 18% felt neutral or disagreed with the statement (ASSIGN4).

Liaison Evaluation

Finally, 21.4% of students were neutral or disagreed that seminar discussions were useful, and 78.6% of students agreed with this statement (LIAIS6). Additionally, many students agreed that the liaison explained goals and objectives (94%) (LIAIS1), encouraged fair and open discussion (97.6%) (LIAIS3), the liaison actively encouraged all students to participate (97.6%) (LIAIS4), and the liaison was available and accessible (95.2%) (LIAIS7).

Conclusions

Overall, the evaluations were very positive. The modal response was 4 or 5 (5 being the highest score) for 95% (84 of 88 questions) of the program evaluation. The modal response was 5 for 100% of the agency, field instructor, and liaison evaluations. Of the 88 questions examined in this report, only 2 received a negative rating from the majority (over 50%) of the respondents. These focused on the lack of: experience with families and opportunities to engage in research. As indicated, the program evaluation was revised to reflect the 2008 CSWE EPAS standards. This added questions to the survey and required additional in-class time for students to complete. In AY 2015-16, the program evaluation will be uploaded and data will be aggregated by TK20. Ideally, TK20 will provide information on measuring and improving student competencies and practice behaviors that will assist the program in facilitate continuous improvement of academic and support services. Further, reports from TK20 will accumulate, generate, communicate and disseminate assessment information on student learning to a wide range of audiences. All of which will assist the program with well-informed decision making processes.

Program Evaluation

The program evaluation was reformatted in 2014 to better adhere to CSWE EPAS standards. There were 30 questions added to the program evaluation and some of the remaining questions were rephrased. Due to these changes, a means comparison to previous years' evaluations was not performed. The following chart provides means per EPAS criteria as stated in the evaluation

Educational Policy	M	SD
2.1.1 Identify as a professional social worker and	4.32	.55
conduct oneself accordingly		
2.1.2 Apply social work ethical principles to guide	4.34	.57
professional practice		
2.1.3 Apply critical thinking to inform and	4.37	.65
communicate professional judgments		
2.1.4 Engage diversity and difference in practice	4.37	.57
2.1.5 Advance human rights and social and economic justice	4.21	.68
2.1.6 Engage in research-informed practice and practice-informed research	4.01	.87
2.1.7 Apply knowledge of human behavior and the social environment	4.39	.56
2.1.8 Engage in policy practice to advance social and economic well-being and to deliver effective social work services	3.79	.92
2.1.9 Respond to contexts that shape practice	3.69	.89
2.1.10 Engage, assess, intervene, and evaluate with individuals, families, groups, organizations, and communities	4.10	.70
Engagement 2.1.10(a)	4.06	.70
Assessment 2.1.10(b)	4.27	.65
Intervention 2.1.10(c)	4.06	.70
Evaluate 2.1.10(d)	3.94	1.03
Total	4.13	.58

Means Chart

The following chart illustrates the mean of the respondents' mean scores for each year of graduation by sections of the evaluation that remained consistent for field placement and liaison.

